Coordinated Robotics: from ideation, to prototype, to IP, to market



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The UCSD Flow Control & **Coordinated Robotics Labs**

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This work would not be possible without the amazing group of students that I'm fortunate enough to work with!



UCSD in the **UCSD Contextual Robotics, Summary Point #1 UCSD Contextual Robotics, Summary Point #2** Robotic Systems are fundamentally interdisciplinary. TEAMWORK IS REQUIRED!! Three main ingredients make robotics difficult: Three main components: SENSE, DECIDE, ACT **Design:** Most visible to the public, most patentable. Sensing: EE-centric. 3D Vision/IR, microphone arrays, electronic nose. Decision: CS- and CogSci-centric. SLAM/SFM. learning. finding "context". Algorithms: Most "fundamental", most abstract. Action: ME- or AE-centric. mobility, grasping. Agility facilitated by feedback control! The modern theme that unifies these efforts: collaborative / coordinated / cooperative / teaming. NSF: "co-robots" (i.e., squads or swarms of bots working together & with people, directed autonomy)

DESIGN, TECHNOLOGY, ALGORITHMS

Technology: Constantly evolving, necessary to stay relevant.

Need all 3 to be effective. UCSD and its partners have unique strengths in all 3. **COMMERCIALIZATION** keeps robotics in the public eye, creates broad impact. **EXPERIENTIAL EDUCATION in robotics needs to incorporate all three.**







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UCSD Embedded Control **& Robotics course**

Senior/MS-level, "capstone"/"crossover" UCSD + extensive industry involvement

BeagleMIP:

- # Individual projects (highly extensible!)
- *\$160 in parts
- * 3D printed & lasercut body, modular design * BeagleBone Black
- 1GHz credit-card-sized linux computer * Robotics Cape (custom breakout PCB)
- Battery management
 Inertial Management Unit (accels & gyros)
 Motor controllers (H-bridge)
 Connectors for SPI, I2C, GPS, DSM2, ...
 Low-level programming in C

- * Graphical programming in LabVIEW * Multi-threaded (loop rates / priorities)



Blue is the new Black!

BeagleBone Blue = Black + power electronics + IMU / Barometer + H-bridges + supporting software

Full set of breakouts:

USB, Antenna1, Antenna2, 12V (front top) MicroUSB, MicroSD (back top) I2C1, UART5 (working fr (working from the top down...) GPI01 2-cell-LIPO (on the right side) GPS, GPIOO, CAN SPI1.1, SPI1.2, PWR UARTO, UART1, ADC. DSM2, Encoder4 PWM/Servo/ESC connectors (8) Motor1 - Motor4, Encoder1 - Encoder3 (bottom row)

Broad availability March 1, \$75 MSRP Significant cost savings for small mobile robot kits



eduMIP

Get started in multithreaded robotics quickly!

BeagleBone Blue is all-in-one solution for small robots. All ports fully tested and supported via a thread-safe C library in Debian linux, with working examples. LabVIEW and Matlab wrappers under development.

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eduRover: 4WD, extreme 4-wheel steering. Same electronics, same software library.



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A) Gigascale computing at 1 watt for robotic sensor vehicles. B) Petascale computing: Moore's dream, realized. C) Thousands of the worlds top scientists focusing on environmental fluid dynamics.
D) Global Internet Access
Available Geosynchronous (36,000 km altitude) satellites: Inmarsat (1979), MSAT, Terrestar, ICO Available LEO (1200-1400 km altitude) constellations: Global Stain (\$ 929):c1(D) atellites) to a confluence of powerful cap Iridium (1998/2001, 66 Statellites) to a confluence of powerful cap Iridium (1998/2001, 66 Statellites) to a confluence of powerful cap Iridium (1998/2001, 66 Statellites) to a confluence of powerful cap Iridium (1998/2001, 66 Statellites) to measure and forecast significant environmental flows on our planet.
Forthcoming solutions (availability within 5 years?): OneWeb (Qualcomm, Greg Wyler, Richard Branson; 600 LEO satellites) SpaceX (Google, Fidelity, Elon Musk; 4,000 LEO satellites) Project Loon (Google; thousands of balloons at 18 km = 60,000 feet)







The importance of in situ measurements (Wang, Young, Hock et al, *BAMS*, June 2015)

"Since 1996, GPS dropsondes have been routinely deployed during hurricane reconnaissance and surveillance flights... During the first season of NOAA Gulfstream-IV missions for hurricanes in 1997, 150 dropsondes were released from aircraft at 150–200-km intervals... This first set of dropsonde observations **improved mean hurricanetrack forecasts by 32% and intensity forecasts by 20% during the critical first two days of the forecast**. The track forecast improvements were comparable to those accumulated over the past 20–25 years at that time. Mean track forecast improvement as a result of synoptic surveillance dropsondes during 1999–2005 is ... above 10% during 0–48 h."



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Observation of Katrina with dropsondes (data from Wang, Young, Hock et al, *BAMS*, June 2015)

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In Katrina (2005), one of the most carefully measured hurricanes ever, only 286 dropsondes were used (total), dropped from ~14km (Gulfstreams) and ~3km (P-3D Orions). Each dropsonde takes 100 to 1000 measurements.







Key challenges for balloon flights in hurricanes

Aircraft deployment (self inflation upon release) Neutrally bouyant between 1km and 8km altitude (~2.2x change in density altitude) Control (slowly) the vertical velocity up to +/- 2m/s. Use a winch (motor) inside to drive a cable. Sensors: temperature, pressure, humidity, GPS Radios: communicate with LEO, or use ad-hoc mesh network to relay messages. Very low data rate. Cold lithium battery operation for up to 5 days. Chemistry: Li-SOCI2 (rated to -60C), 3.6V, 420mA continuous, 650 watt-hours/kg, Wrap battery around winch and insulate - use waste heat to improve battery efficiency. Wet conditions. Need to prevent condensation/icing! Lightning. Need faraday cage (conductive outer surface) plus static dischargers to protect the delicate electronics within.

Low cost -> can afford many! Recover after landfall.





